CONVENTIONAL PAP SMEAR

*Synonyms*
• Traditional Pap smear

**Test Information:**
Conventional Pap smears are prepared by the provider by smearing the collection device on a glass slide labeled with the patient’s name. Good collection techniques and immediately fixation are important in providing good quality specimens for evaluation by the laboratory. Some causes of less than optimal and/or unsatisfactory specimens are thick smears, excessive mucus, blood, inflammation, poor fixation, or improper use of lubricant.

**Test Code:** 9000 / **CPT Code:** 88164

**Notes:**
1. If you use lubricant, do not use an excessive amount. Avoid contaminating the sample site.

**Supplies:**
1. Glass Slides
2. Spray Fixative
3. Collection Device(s)
   • Endocervical Brush & Plastic Spatula (preferred method)
   • Broom (alternate method)

**Collection:**

**Brush/Spatula Method (preferred)**
1. Label end of a glass slide with patient’s name.
2. Scrape whole circumference of the ectocervix with a plastic spatula.
3. Spread the material quickly and evenly onto the glass slide.
4. Fix immediately with spray-fixative.
5. Obtain an adequate sampling from the endocervix using an endocervical brush.
   • Insert the brush into the cervix until only the bottom-most fibers are exposed.
   • Slowly rotate ¼ or ½ turn in one direction – do not over-rotate.
6. Gently roll the brush across the slide (do not rub the brush back and forth).
7. Fix immediately with spray-fixative.

**Broom Method**
1. Label end of a glass slide with patient’s name.
2. Obtain and adequate sampling from the cervix using a broom-like device.
   • Insert the central bristles of the broom into the endocervical canal deep enough to allow the shorter bristles to fully contact the ectocervix.
   • Push gently, and rotate the broom in a clockwise direction 5 times.
3. Transfer the sample to the glass slide with a single paint-stroke action.
   • Apply first one side of the bristles.
   • Turn brush over.
   • Then paint the slide again in exactly the same area.
4. Fix immediately with spray-fixative.

**Record Patient Information**
1. Record patient’s identification on the requisition card.
   • A minimum of two identifiers are needed – pre-printed patient labels are preferred.
   • Insure patient identification on glass slide matches card.
   • For details on filling out requisition cards see “Instructions for Completing GYN Requisition Cards.”
2. Place glass slide in slide holder.
3. Place slide holder containing slide and requisition card into a transport bag for delivery to the laboratory.
Reasons for Rejection:
1. Unlabeled or mislabeled glass slide.
2. Discrepancies between glass slide and requisition.
3. Specimen sent by unauthorized person.
5. Contaminated requisition (e.g. blood stained).